

■ FEATURES

- Accuracy $\pm 0.2\%$ RO.
- Watt, Var packaged in one case
- Precision measurement even for unbalance ststem
- Precision measurement even for distorted wave
- High impulse & surge protection (5KV)
- The case can be mounted on a 35mm rail which complies with DIN 46277



• OUTPUT

DC Output Range	Load Resistance	Output Resistance	Output Ripple	Response Time
0~1V	$\geq 1\text{ k}\Omega$			
0~5V	$\geq 1\text{ k}\Omega$			
1~5V	$\geq 1\text{ k}\Omega$			
0~10V	$\geq 1\text{ k}\Omega$			
0~1mA	0~10k Ω	$\geq 20\text{ M}\Omega$	$\leq 0.5\% \text{ RO. (peak)}$	$\leq 400\text{mS.}$ 0~99%
0~10mA	0~1k Ω			
0~20mA	0~500 Ω			
4~20mA	0~500 Ω			

Accuracy: $\pm 0.2\%$ Rated of Output
 Input frequency: Watt 50HZ $\pm 3\text{Hz}$ or 60HZ $\pm 3\text{Hz}$
 Var 50HZ or 60HZ
 Input frequency effect: $\leq 0.015\%$, per 0.01HZ (Only for VAR)
 Input burden: $\leq 0.2\text{VA}$ (ampere input)
 $\leq 0.1\text{VA}$ (voltage input)
 Aux. power supply: AC 110V $\pm 15\%$, 50/60HZ
 AC 220V $\pm 15\%$, 50/60HZ
 DC 24V, 48V, 110V, +15%, -10%
 Power effect: $\leq 0.1\% \text{ RO.}$
 Power consumption: $\leq 4.5\text{VA}$, $\leq \text{DC } 3\text{W}$
 Waveform effect: $\leq 0.2\% \text{ RO.}$ at distortion factor 15%
 Output load effect: Current output $\leq 0.1\% \text{ RO.}$
 Voltage output $\leq 0.05\% \text{ RO.}$
 Electromagnetic balance effect: $\leq 0.1\% \text{ RO.}$ between element
 Mutual interference effect: $\leq 0.1\% \text{ RO.}$ between element
 Magnetic field strength: 400A/M. $\leq 0.2\% \text{ RO.}$
 Span adjustment range: $\geq 5\% \text{ RO.}$
 Zero adjustment range: $\geq 1\% \text{ RO.}$
 Operating temperature range: 0~60°C
 -10~70°C
 Storage temperature range: $\leq 100\text{PPM}$ from 0 to 60°C
 Temperature coefficient: 95%
 Max. relative humidity: Input/output/power/case
 Isolation: $\geq 100\text{M}\Omega$, DC 500V
 Insulation resistance: Between input/output/power/case
 Dielectric withstand voltage: AC 3KV, 60HZ, 1 min.
 (IEC 414, 688, ANSI, C37)
 Impulse withstand test: 5KV, 1.2 X 50us
 (IEC 255-4, ANSI C37 90a)
 Performance: Common mode & differential mode
 Safety requirements: Designed to comply with IEC688
 IEC 414, BS5458

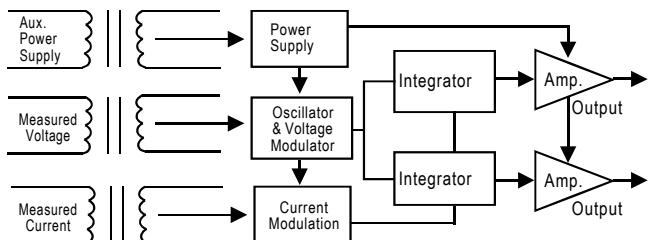
■ DESCRIPTION

Model: AWR-1 for 1 ϕ 2W, watt/var

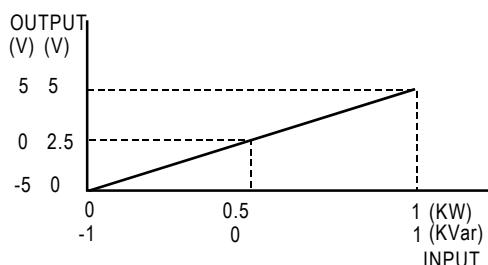
AWR-3 for 3 ϕ 3W, watt/var

AWR-3A for 3 ϕ 4W, watt/var

A wide range of transducers to measure all forms of WATT, VAR, in both balanced and unbalanced, single or 3 phase system. They utilize the well prove "time division multiplication" method of measuring instantaneous power over a wide range of input waveforms. The circuit diagram shown measured voltage is modulated by circuit of an oscillator. Square wave pulses from a multi-vibrator circuit, with a mark-space ratio varied by the measured voltage and amplitude by the measured current, are fed to an integrator an output amplification circuit. The dc signal produced is then directly proportional to power input-Watt & Vars.



• INPUT-OUTPUT CURVE



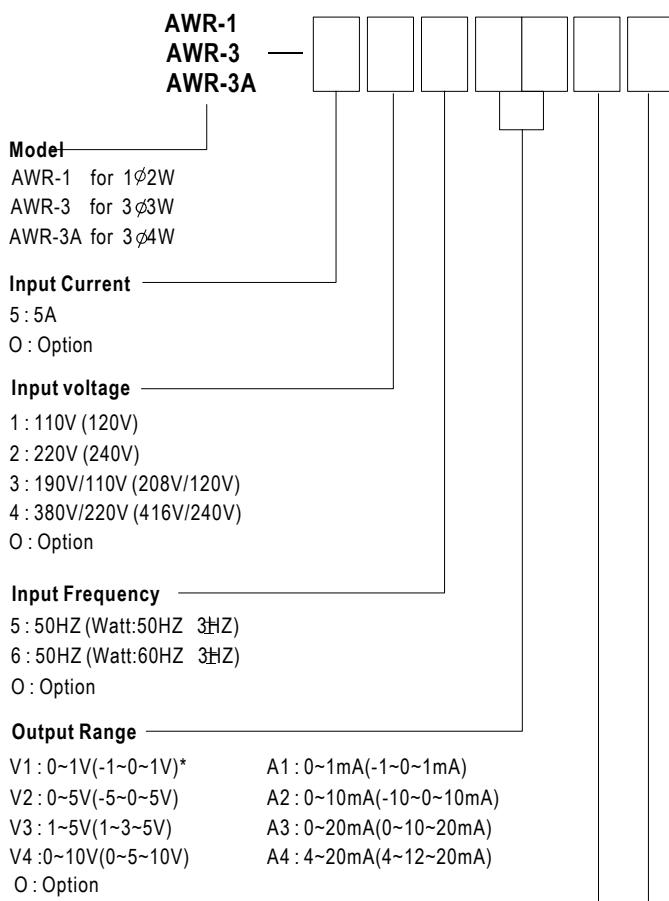
■ SPECIFICATION

• INPUT

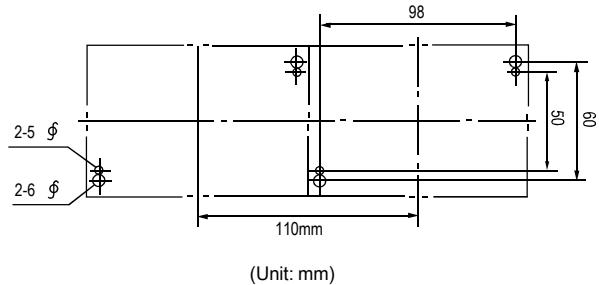
Input Range					Max. Input Over Capabiiliy
Circuit	Amp	Voltage	Basic Watt	Basic Var	
Single Phase	5A	110V(120V)	0~0.5KW	$\pm 0.5\text{KVar}$	AS AW, AR
		220V(240V)	0~1KW	$\pm 1\text{KVar}$	
3-Phase 3-Wire	5A	110V(120V)	0~1KW	$\pm 1\text{KVar}$	AS AW, AR
		220V(240V)	0~2KW	$\pm 2\text{KVar}$	
3-Phase 4-Wire	5A	190V/120V (208/120V)	0~1.5KW	$\pm 1.5\text{KVar}$	AS AW, AR
		380V/220V (416/240V)	0~3KW	$\pm 3\text{KVar}$	

ACTIVE/REACTIVE POWER (WATT/VAR) TRANSDUCER

■ ORDERING MODEL MAKE UP

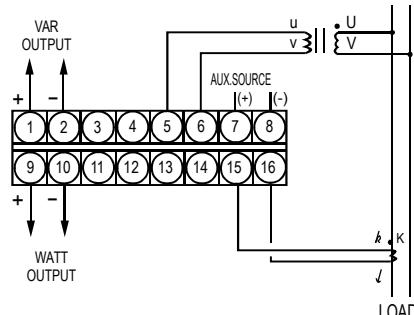


■ PANEL MOUNTING HOLES

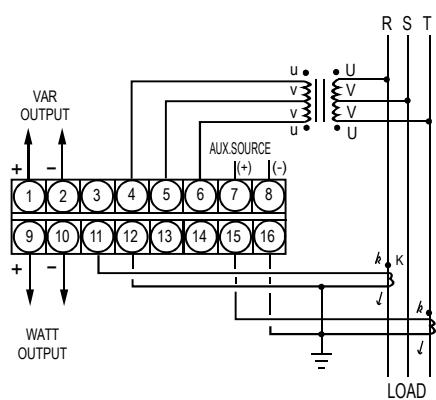


■ CONNECTION DIAGRAM

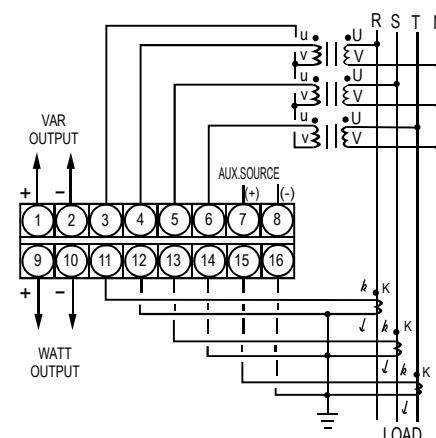
AWR-1 (1φ2W)



AWR-3 (3φ3W)



AWR-3A (3φ4W)



■ THE OUTSIDE DIMENSION

